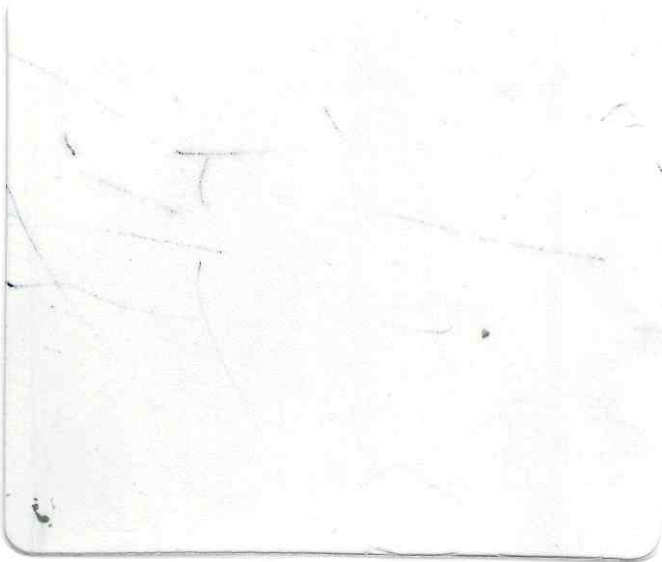


Deloitte.



THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2023

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

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THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

CORPORATE INFORMATION

REGISTERED OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	The Registered Trustees of Airtel Money Trust Fund Block 41, Kinondoni, Corner of Ali Hassan Mwinyi & Kawawa Roads P.O. Box 9623 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	
TRUST SECRETARY	David Marco Lema Legal Counsel Airtel House Block 41, Kinondoni, Corner of Ali Hassan Mwinyi & Kawawa Road P.O. Box 9623 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	
AUDITORS	Deloitte & Touche Certified Public Accountants (Tanzania) 3 rd Floor, Aris House Plot No: 152, Haile Selassie Road, Oysterbay P.O. Box 1559 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	
BANKERS	Citibank Tanzania Limited Toure Drive Oysterbay P.O. Box 71625 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	National Microfinance Bank Plc Head Office Ohio/Ali Hassan Mwinyi Road P.O. Box 9213 Dar es Salaam Tanzania
	National Bank of Commerce Limited NBC House Azikiwe Street/Sokoine Drive P.O. Box 1863 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	Bank of Africa Tanzania Limited Head Office Ohio Street/Kivukoni Front P.O. Box 3054 Dar es Salaam Tanzania
	CRDB Bank Plc Head Office, Palm Beach P.O. Box 268 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	Diamond Trust Bank Tanzania Limited Head Office Suite 901, 9 th Floor Harbour View Towers P.O. Box 115 Dar es Salaam Tanzania
	TPB Bank Plc Head Office 10 th floor LAPF Towers Bagamoyo Road, Opp Makumbusho Village, Kijitonyama P.O. Box 9300 Dar es Salaam	Exim Bank (Tanzania) Limited Namanga Branch, Plot 83, Ada Estate, P.O. BOX 22372 Dar es Salam
	I & M Bank (Tanzania) Limited Head office, Maktaba Square, Azikiwe Street P.O. BOX 1509 Dar es Salaam	Absa Bank Tanzania Limited Absa House, Ohio Street Dar es Salaam P.O. Box 5137 Tanzania

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. INTRODUCTION

The Trustees present their report, together with the audited financial statements of "The Registered Trustees of Airtel Money Trust Fund ('Airtel Money Trust Fund' or 'AMTF') for the year ended 31 December 2023, which disclose the state of affairs of the Trust.

2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Trust is to hold Airtel Money Customers' float in trust for sole benefit of Airtel Money Customers in accordance with relevant provision of National Payment System Act of 2015 and its regulations.

3. INCORPORATION AND REGISTRATION

AMTF was incorporated in Tanzania under the The Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002) as a Trust. The Trust was officially incorporated on 13th April 2021 and commenced operation on 17 May 2021.

4. RESULTS

The Trust did not engage in any trading activities during the year. (2022: Nil)

5. SOLVENCY

The Trust's state of financial affairs as at 31 December 2023 is set out on page 10 of these financial statements. The Trustees considers the Trust to be solvent within the meaning ascribed by the the trustees' Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002).

6. TRUSTEES

The Trustees at the date of this report, all of whom have served throughout the year, except as otherwise indicated, were:

Name	Position	Qualifications	Age	Nationality	Date appointed	Appointed by
Judge Joseph Sinde Warioba	Trustee	Lawyer	83	Tanzanian	13 April 2021	Airtel Money Tanzania Limited
Dr. Evelyn Mweta Richard	Trustee	PHD in Business Administration	52	Tanzanian	13 April 2021	Airtel Money Tanzania Limited

7. TRUSTEES' INTEREST IN THE TRUST

None of the Trustees have any interest in Airtel Money Trust Fund ("AMTF").

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES (CONTINUED)

8. TRUSTEES' EMOLUMENTS

As disclosed under note 10, the Trustees were paid TZS 48 million as remuneration during the year (2022: TZS 48 million).

9. GOVERNANCE

The Trust consist of two non-executive Trustees. The Trustees takes overall responsibility for the Trust. The Trustees delegates the day-to-day management of the business to Airtel Money Director who is assisted by the Senior Management team of Airtel Tanzania Plc (sister company). The Trustees met once during the year and discussed Trust affairs.

The Trustees are committed to the principles of effective governance. The Trustees also recognise the importance of integrity, transparency and accountability.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Details of transactions and balances with related parties are disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

11. FUTURE DEVELOPEMENT PLAN

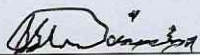
Airtel Money Tanzania Limited business is set to grow in terms of active customers, agents, number of transactions and transaction value; this will be achieved by creating initiatives that will drive growth in customer transactions and strengthen the agent network.

12. AUDITORS

The auditors, Deloitte & Touche, having expressed their willingness, continue in office in accordance with the trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002).

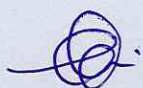
Deloitte & Touche with PF No 025 and Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) 100-148-692 is an audit firm registered with the National Board of Accountants and Auditors of Tanzania (NBAA).

Approved by the Trustees and signed on its behalf by:



Judge Joseph Sinde Warioba
Trustee

31/01/2024 2024



Dr. Evelyn Mweta Richard
Trustee

31/01/2024 2024

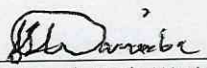
THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES


The Trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002) and for such internal controls as Trustees determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Trustees accept responsibility for the financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the trust deed. The Trustees are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the Trust and of its operating results. The Trustees further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records, which may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of Trustees to indicate that the Trust will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.



Judge Joseph Sinde Warioba
Trustee
31/01/ 2024



Dr. Evelyn Mweta Richard
Trustee
31/01/2024 2024

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

DECLARATION OF HEAD OF FINANCE

The National Board of Accountants and Auditors (NBAA) according to the power conferred under the Auditors and Accountants (Registration) Act. No. 33 of 1972, as amended by Act No. 2 of 1995, requires financial statements to be accompanied with a declaration issued by the head of finance responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the entity concerned.

It is the duty of a professional accountant to assist the Trustees to discharge the responsibility of preparing financial statements of Trust showing true and fair view of the trust position and performance in accordance with applicable accounting standards and statutory requirements. Full legal responsibility for the preparation of financial statements rests with the Trustees as set out in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities on an earlier page.

I, Rajesh Chawla being the Financial Controller is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of Airtel Money Trust Fund hereby acknowledge my responsibility of ensuring that financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards and statutory requirements.

I thus confirm that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and statutory requirements as on that date and that they have been prepared based on properly maintained financial records.



Rajesh Chawla

Financial Controller

NBAA Registration No.: TACPA 3974

31/01/ 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Registered Trustees of Airtel Money Trust Fund ("the Trustees"), set out on pages 9 to 20, which comprise the statements of financial position at 31 December 2023 and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statements of changes in equity and the statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the Trust financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trustee as at 31 December 2023 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the requirements of the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Trustees in accordance with the National Board of Accountant and Auditors (NBAA) Code of Ethics, which is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), together with other ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Tanzania, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information, including the Report of the Trustees. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Financial Statements

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and the requirements of the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002) and for such internal controls as Trustees determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Trustees' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Trustee or to cease operations of the Trustee, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trustees' financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trustees' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trustees' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trustees to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is F.J. Kibiki.

Deloitte & Touche
Certified Public Accountants (Tanzania)



22 February 2024

Signed by: F.J. Kibiki
NBAA Registration No. ACPA – PP 3214
Dar es Salaam

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

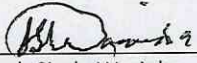
	Notes	2023 TZS '000	2022 TZS '000
Income		-	-
Expenditure		-	-
Surplus before taxation		-	-
Tax expense		-	-
Surplus		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 TZS' 000	2022 TZS' 000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust	7	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
Total assets		<u><u>335,758,422</u></u>	<u><u>272,891,833</u></u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Accumulated fund		-	-
Total equity		-	-
Current liabilities			
E-Value liability	8	326,905,591	263,885,241
Mobile Financial Services (MFS) agents, merchants and customers' liability	9	7,890,730	7,037,666
Trade payable		<u>962,101</u>	<u>1,968,926</u>
Total current liabilities		<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
Total liabilities		<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u><u>335,758,422</u></u>	<u><u>272,891,833</u></u>

The financial statements on page 9 to 20 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Director on 31/01 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



Judge Joseph Sinde Warioba
Trustee



Dr. Evelyn Mweta Richard
Trustee

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Accumulated Fund TZS' 000	Total TZS' 000
At 1 January 2023	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 1 January 2022	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 TZS' 000	2022 TZS' 000
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before taxation		-	-
<i>Movement in working capital:</i>			
Increase in E-Value liability		63,020,351	49,875,887
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables		(1,006,826)	880,616
Increase/(decrease) in Mobile Financial Services (MFS) agents, merchants, and customers' liability		<u>853,064</u>	<u>(251,091)</u>
Net cash flow generated by operating activities		<u>62,866,589</u>	<u>50,505,412</u>
Net increase in balance held under Mobile Money Trust		62,866,589	50,505,412
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust at beginning of the year		<u>272,891,833</u>	<u>222,386,421</u>
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust at end of the year	7	<u><u>335,758,422</u></u>	<u><u>272,891,833</u></u>

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Registered Trustees of Airtel Money Trust Fund ("AMTF") is incorporated in Tanzania under the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002), and is domiciled in Tanzania.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the Trust information page of this report. The principal activities of the Trust are disclosed in the report of the Trustees.

2. STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS AFFECTING THE REPORTED RESULTS OR FINANCIAL POSITION

Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)

a) Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations in the year ended 31 December 2023

None of the new and revised standards and interpretations, which became effective during the year, have resulted in a change in the Trust accounting policies or in presentation. Neither have they had an effect on the reported results for the year.

b) Relevant new and amended standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective in the year ended 31 December 2023

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, several new and revised standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective. The management is in process of evaluating the potential effect of these standards and interpretation on the financial statements of the Trust when effective.

c) Early adoption of standards

The Trust did not early-adopt any new or amended standards for the year ended 31 December 2023.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the requirements of the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002).

For the Trustees Incorporation Act (Cap. 318 R.E. 2002) reporting purposes, in these financial statements, the statement of financial position represents the balance sheet and the profit and loss account is equivalent to the statement of profit or loss and other statement of comprehensive income.

b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except where stated otherwise. The financial statements are presented in Tanzanian Shillings (TZS) and all balances are rounded to the nearest thousand (TZS '000'), except when otherwise indicated.

c) Functional and presentation currency

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are converted into Tanzanian Shillings at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denomination in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into Tanzanian Shillings at the exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to Tanzanian Shillings at the date when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency gains and losses arising from translation are recognised in the statement of other comprehensive income.

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

d) Balance held under Mobile Money trust

Balance held under Mobile Money trust include cash in bank accounts, held on behalf of E-value account holders of Airtel Money Tanzania Limited. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, balance held under Mobile Money trust comprise the bank balances.

e) Financial instruments

i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, fair value through other comprehensive income and amortised cost. The Trust determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

All financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs

The Trust's financial assets balance held under Mobile Money trust

Subsequent measurement

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in profit or loss (fair value through profit or loss, FVTPL), or recognised in other comprehensive income (fair value through other comprehensive income, FVTOCI).

Financial assets at amortised cost include bank balances. After initial measurement, bank balances are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less allowances for impairment. Amortization is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition fees and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Trust will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of financial asset. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

The classification of a financial asset is made at the time it is initially recognised, namely when the Trust becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. If certain conditions are met, the classification of an asset may subsequently need to be reclassified.

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.
- The Trust has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Trustees has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Trustees has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e) Financial instruments (continued)

i) Financial assets (continued)

De-recognition

Impairment of financial assets

The Trust assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

The expected credit loss (ECL) is mainly based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experience. The receivables are assessed on an individual basis or grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively, depending on their significance. Moreover, trade receivables are written off on a case to-case basis if deemed not to be collectible on the assessment of the underlying facts and circumstances.

The Trust performs on-going credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and monitors the credit-worthiness of its customers to which it grants credit in its ordinary course of business. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Trust determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amount due. Where the financial asset has been written-off, the Trust continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit and loss.

The Trust uses a provision matrix to measure the expected credit loss of trade receivables. Based on the industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates, management considers that the trade receivables are credit impaired if the payments are more than 90 days past due.

ii) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities at amortised cost.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Trust's financial liabilities include amounts due to E-value account holders, Mobile Financial Services (MFS) agents, merchants and customers' liability and amounts due to related parties. These are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e) Financial instruments (continued)

ii) Financial liabilities (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The Trusts' financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

iv) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments measured at amortised cost is disclosed in the financial statements when the carrying amounts are not a reasonable approximation of the fair values. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Trust. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the assets in its highest and best use.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Trust's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Going concern

The Trustees' have made an assessment of the Trusts' ability to continue as a going concern and are satisfied that the Trust has the resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the Trustees are not aware of any other material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Trust ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Trust's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance, but the Trust does not hedge any risks.

Risk management is carried out by management under policies approved by the Trustees

Market risk

i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from financial instruments held in foreign currencies. The Trust operates wholly within Tanzania and its assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in local currency. As such, the Trust has no significant exposure to foreign exchange risk.

ii) Price risk

The Trust does not hold any financial instruments subject to price risk.

iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate exposure arises from interest rate movements. The Trust has interest bearing financial instruments. However, the Trust is not exposed to interest rate risk on those financial instruments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Trust if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from placements (bank balances) and balances with other counterparties. The Trust's key financial assets are bank balances. The Trust's policy is to manage credit risk by holding bank balances in banks that are regulated by Bank of Tanzania.

The amount that best represents the Trust's maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 December 2023 is made up as follows:

	Total TZS '000'	Fully performing TZS '000'	Past due but not impaired TZS '000'	Impaired TZS '000'
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (Continued)

The amount that best represents the Trust's maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 December 2022 is made up as follows:

	Total TZS '000'	Fully performing TZS '000'	Past due but not impaired TZS '000'	Impaired TZS '000'
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust	<u>272,891,833</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash balances to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Trust reputation. The Trust liabilities are fully matched with bank balances.

The table below indicates the contractual timing of cash flows arising from financial assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2023:

	Carrying amount TZS '000'	Less than 1 year TZS '000'
Financial assets		
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>335,758,422</u>
Financial liabilities		
E-Value liability	326,905,591	326,905,591
Mobile Financial Services (MFS) agents, merchants and customers' liability	7,890,730	7,890,730
Trade payable	<u>962,101</u>	<u>962,101</u>
	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>335,758,422</u>
Net liquidity gap	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The table below indicates the contractual timing of cash flows arising from financial assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2022:

	Carrying amount TZS '000'	Less than 1 year TZS '000'
Financial assets		
Balance held under Mobile Money Trust	<u>272,891,833</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
Financial liabilities		
E-Value liability	263,885,241	263,885,241
Mobile Financial Services (MFS) agents, merchants and customers' liability	7,037,666	7,037,666
Trade payable	<u>1,968,926</u>	<u>1,968,926</u>
	<u>272,891,833</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
Net liquidity gap	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital risk management

The Trust's primary objective is to hold, in trust, the funds owing to the E-value holders and ensure the safety and sanctity of these funds. The Trust does not trade and is not allowed to deal in these funds other than to settle obligations arising from genuine transaction of E-Value. The principal obligation of the Trust is not to maximise wealth but to safeguard third party funds.

The capital structure of the Trust consists of net debt which is made up of liabilities less balance held under Mobile Money trust. The objective is to maintain net debt at Nil. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Trust may return or request funds to/from E-value holders.

Fair value

The fair value of the Trust's financial instruments reasonably approximates the carrying amounts.

6. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related party relationships exist between the Trust and other companies under common ownership.

a) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are described as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Trust, directly or indirectly, including any Trustees.

The Trust did not have any employees during the year and therefore did not pay any salaries or other emoluments.

b) Trustees' remuneration

	2023 TZS'000'	2022 TZS'000
Trustees' remuneration (note 10)	<u>48,000</u>	<u>48,000</u>

7. Balance held under Mobile Money Trust

Cash at bank	<u>335,758,422</u>	<u>272,891,833</u>
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For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, balance held under Mobile Money Trust comprise of bank balances of the Trust accounts. These balances represent customers' deposits, agents' deposits, merchants, bank interest on the Trust accounts.

8. E-VALUE LIABILITY

	2023 TZS'000'	2022 TZS'000
E-Value liability - agents and merchants	161,320,384	130,839,863
E-Value liability - churn customers	16,061,222	13,491,491
E-Value liability - customers	<u>149,523,986</u>	<u>119,553,887</u>
	<u>326,905,592</u>	<u>263,885,241</u>

THE REGISTERED TRUSTEES OF AIRTEL MONEY TRUST FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	2023	2022
	TZS'000'	TZS'000
9. MOBILE FINANCIAL SERVICES (MFS) AGENTS, MERCHANTS AND CUSTOMERS' LIABILITY		
At 1 January	7,037,666	7,288,757
Interest earned from Bank	8,345,244	6,416,876
Interest payout to MFS users	(7,418,517)	(6,594,303)
Utilization for direct cost	<u>(73,663)</u>	<u>(73,663)</u>
At 31 December	<u>7,890,730</u>	<u>7,037,667</u>

10. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

The Bank of Tanzania (BOT), the regulator of Mobile Financial Institutions requires that prior approval is obtained from BOT for any expense to be incurred in a Trust. The only expense which the Trust bear is audit fees, bank charges and Trustees' remuneration. The Bank of Tanzania has no objection to the Trust to recognise the audit expense, bank charges and Trustees' remuneration from the interest earned on Trust account balance. The Trust's policy is to offset the approved expenses against interest earned on Trust account.

The other income and related expenses during the year were as follows:

	2023	2022
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Interest used to offset expenses (note 9)	73,663	73,663
Administrative expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	(25,663)	(25,663)
Trustee's remuneration (note 6)	<u>(48,000)</u>	<u>(48,000)</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Trust had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

12. COMMITMENTS

The Trust had no commitments as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

13. ULTIMATE HOLDING TRUSTEES

The Registered Trustees of Airtel Money Trust Fund (The Trust) was incorporated under Trustees Incorporations Act CAP 318 (TIA) at the instance of Airtel Money Tanzania Limited which is the subsidiary of Airtel Tanzania Plc. Both entities are domiciled in the United Republic of Tanzania. Airtel Money Tanzania Limited is Settlor of the Trust. The trust is set up as a regulatory requirement under The National Payment System Act of 2012 to manage the Trust accounts holding e-value of Airtel Money Tanzania Limited customers pursuant to the relevant law.

14. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE PERIOD END

At the date of signing the financial statements, the Trustees are not aware of any other matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial period, not otherwise dealt with in these financial statements, which significantly affected the financial position of the Trust and results of its operations.

